Strategies to stretch and challenge	<ul> <li>Identify and account for prior knowledge – a child who has extensive prior knowledge could be asked to present some of the knowledge they have to the class; explain something they understand easily to a child who doesn't 'get it' so quickly</li> <li>Build on interests to extend - read widely around a subject outside of lesson time by providing them with information about suitable material</li> <li>Depth of content - consider what you can add to create depth, e.g. digging into an area more deeply, going laterally with a concept, or asking pupils to use more complex terminology to describe abstract ideas</li> <li>Use questioning techniques to boost thinking – ask open-ended questions which require higher-order thinking</li> <li>Consider learner roles – ensure they are appropriately challenged through the role they are given so they can make an effective contribution; argue in favour of a viewpoint that is different to their own, e.g. argue the opposite position to that which they actually hold, during a class debate</li> <li>Mastery - more intensive teaching, tutoring, peer-assisted learning, small group discussions, or additional homework</li> <li>Differentiated success criteria/choice of task – offer a choice of tasks with a different level of challenge</li> <li>Feedback – framing feedback so pupils must take responsibility for improving their own learning</li> </ul>
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		-Compare amounts,	-Compare sizes using	-Talk about 2D shapes	-Compare weights using	-Talk about and explore	-Describe a familiar
		saying 'lots', 'more' or	gesture and language	using informal and	gesture and language	3D shapes using informal	route.
		'same'.	(big/small)	mathematical language:	(heavy and light)	and mathematical	-Discuss routes &
		Vocabulary: lots,	-Make comparisons	'sides', 'corners';	-Make comparisons	language: 'sides',	locations
		more, same	between objects relating	'straight', 'flat', 'round'.	between objects relating	'corners'; 'straight', 'flat',	Vocabulary: in, on,
		Key Knowledge:	to size	Vocabulary:	to weight	'round'.	under, behind, over
		*Can point to the set	Vocabulary: big, small,	Key Knowledge:	Vocabulary: heavy, light,	Vocabulary: shapes,	Key Knowledge:
		of objects that has	size	*Can make pictures using	balance scale, weigh	sides, corners, straight,	*Can follow a route on
		more	Key Knowledge:	2D shapes	*Can use a balance scale	flat, round	command
		*Can indicate when 2	*Can point to the big or	*Can name the square,	correctly	*Can use 3D shapes to	*Can use key words to
		sets are the same	small object (2 different	rectangle, triangle and	*Can point to the heavy	build models	describe the route
		using the word 'same'	sized objects)	circle	or light object (2	*Can use informal	
		or an action	*Can use the words 'big'	*Can use informal	different weighted	language to describe the	-Begin to describe a
		*Can use the word	and small alongside an	language to describe the	objects)	shapes e.g. round, flat	sequence of events, real
	rns	'more' to describe the	action to describe 2	shapes e.g. round, flat	*Can use the words	*Can use mathematical	or fictional, using words
	Numerical Patterns	greater amount	different sized objects	*Can use mathematical	'heavy' and 'light'	language to name some	such as 'first', 'then'
_				language 'sides' and	alongside an action to	3D shapes	Vocabulary: order, first,
<b>H</b>		-Explore 2D shapes	-Notice patterns and	'corners' to describe the	describe 2 different		next, then
	ner	Vocabulary: shapes,	arrange things in	shapes	weighted objects	-Make comparisons	Key Knowledge:
	Nun	square, circle,	patterns.			between objects relating	*Can put a familiar
	-	rectangle, triangle	Vocabulary: pattern,	-Select shapes	-Compare sizes using	to capacity	sequence of events in the
		Key Knowledge:	repeated pattern, ABAB	appropriately: flat	gesture and language	Vocabulary: full, empty,	correct order
		*Can copy pictures	Key Knowledge:	surfaces for building, a	(tall/short/long)	container	*Can use key words to
		using 2D shapes	*Can talk about the	triangular prism for a	-Make comparisons	*Can point to a full or	describe the sequence of
		*Can name the square,	colours in an ABAB	roof etc. (transport)	between objects relating	empty container (2	events e.g. first I brush
		rectangle, triangle and	pattern	Vocabulary: shapes,	to length and height	different capacities) on	my teeth, then
		circle	*Can copy an ABAB	square, circle, rectangle,	Vocabulary: tall, short,	command	
		*Can choose shapes	pattern	triangle, flat, build	long	*Can fill different	-Compare quantities
		for particular purposes	*Can continue an ABAB	Key Knowledge:	*Can point to the long or	containers to show 'full'	using language: 'more
		e.g. triangle for roof	pattern	*Can name the square,	short object/tall or short	and 'empty'	than', 'fewer than'.
				rectangle, triangle and	objects (2 different	*Can say if a container is	Vocabulary: more than,
			-Combine shapes to	circle	length objects)	full/empty	fewer than, same
			make new ones – an		*Can use the words		Key Knowledge:
					'long/tall' and short		

arch, a bigger triangle	*Can use 2D and 3D	alongside an action to	*Can point to the set of
etc.	shapes to build	describe 2 different	objects that has more or
Vocabulary: shapes,	models/pictures	length objects	fewer
square, circle, rectangle,	*Can choose shapes for		*Can indicate when 2
triangle, flat, bigger,	particular purposes e.g.	-Talk about and identifies	sets are the same using
smaller	triangle for roof	the patterns around	the word 'same' or an
Key Knowledge:	-	them.	action
*Can fit shapes together	-Understand position	-Extend and create ABAB	*Can use the words
*Can say if the shape is	through words alone –	patterns – stick, leaf,	'more' or 'fewer' to
the same or different e.g.	for example, "The bag is	stick, leaf	describe the lesser/
is it bigger/smaller, has it	under the table," – with	Notice and correct an	greater amount
made a new shape (2	no pointing	error in a repeating	
rectangles making a	Vocabulary: in, on,	pattern.	
square)	under, behind	Vocabulary: pattern,	
	Key Knowledge:	repeated pattern, ABAB	
	*Can place an object in	Key Knowledge:	
	the correct position	*Can talk about ABAB	
	*Can say where the	patterns	
	object has been	*Can continue an ABAB	
	positioned	pattern	
		*Can create own ABAB	
		pattern	
		*Can spot an error in an	
		ABAB pattern and correct	
		it practically	

	-Count in everyday	-Say one number for each	-Recite numerals to 5	-Link numerals and	-Solve real world	
	contexts, sometimes	item in order: 1,2,3,4,5	(recognising the numeral)	amounts: for example,	mathematical problems	
	skipping numbers - '1-	Vocabulary: count,	Vocabulary: count,	showing the right	with numbers up to 5.	
	2-3-5	numbers, order	numbers, order	number of objects to	Vocabulary: count,	
	Vocabulary: count,	Key Knowledge:	Key Knowledge:	match the numeral, up to	numbers, order, match	
	numbers,	*Can touch each object	*Knows that counting	5.	Key Knowledge:	
	Key Knowledge:	once	starts from the number 1	Vocabulary: count,	*Knows what Math skill	
	*Can count objects to	*Can say a number for	*Can point to each	numbers, order, match	is needed to solve a	
	5 with an adult	each object	numeral (in order)	Key Knowledge:	problem e.g. how many	
	*Knows that counting	*Can say the numbers in	*Can say a number for	*Can recognise numerals	pencils do we need for	
	starts from the	order	each numeral	to 5 (random)	our group	
	number 1		*Can say the numbers in	*Knows that counting		
		-Show 'finger numbers'	order	starts from one		
		up to 5.		*Can count out one		
		Vocabulary: count, finger	-Recite numbers past 5	object at a time		
5		numbers, order	Vocabulary: count,	*Can say a number for		
nbe		Key Knowledge:	numbers, order	each object		
Number		*Can copy finger	Key Knowledge:	*Can say the numbers in		
-		numbers	*Knows that counting	order		
		*Can count a number	starts from the number 1			
		onto each finger	*Can say the numbers in	-Experiment with their		
		*Can say a number for	order	own symbols and marks		
		each finger		as well as numerals		
		*Can say the numbers in	-Know that the last	Vocabulary: numbers,		
		order	number reached when	writing		
			counting a small set of	Key Knowledge:		
		-Fast recognition of up to	objects tells you how	*Can trace over numbers		
		3 objects, without having	many there are in total	(1-5)		
		to count them	('cardinal principle').	*Can write a number		
		individually ('subitising')	Vocabulary: count,	underneath a model (1-5)		
		Vocabulary: subitise	numbers, order last	*Can mark make		
		Key Knowledge:	number	'number like' numerals		
		*Can look carefully at the	Key Knowledge:			
		objects				

		*Can touch each object		
		once		
		*Can say a number for		
		each object		
		*Can say the numbers in		
		order		
		*Knows that the total is		
		the last number counted		

		-Match and sort	-Talk about and explore	-Compare length and	-Compare capacity	-Select, rotate and	-Explore and represent
		objects based on	circles and triangles	height	Vocabulary:	manipulate shapes	patterns in numbers (odd
		similarities and	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Compare, Measure,	Vocabulary:	and even)
		differences	2-d shapes, circle,	Compare, measure,	capacity, full/empty,	2d shapes, square, circle,	Vocabulary:
		Vocabulary:	triangle, characteristics,	length, height	more than/less than,	rectangle, triangle,	Odd, even, equal,
		Match, sort, groups,	sides, corners, round	long(er)(est)	half/half full	rotate, turn	unequal, share
		same, different, pair,	curved, straight, flat	short(er)(est)	Key Knowledge:	Key Knowledge:	group
		identical	Key Knowledge:	tall(er)(est)	*Knows that comparing	*Can select a square,	Key Knowledge:
		Key Knowledge:	*Knows that a 2D shape	Key Knowledge:	is measuring similarities	rectangle, circle or	*Knows that an even
		*Knows that matching	is a flat shape	*Knows that comparing	or differences	triangle when asked	number can be shared by
		objects can be	*Can identify a variety of	is measuring similarities	*Knows that capacity is	*Knows that shapes can	2
		identical	sized circles and triangles	or differences	the amount that	be rotated	*Knows that an odd
		*Knows that items can	*Can talk about the	*Knows that height is a	something can hold	*Knows that shapes can	number cannot be shared
		be matched on similar	characteristics of circles	measurement from the	*Can say if a container is	be put together to make	equally
	Numerical Patterns	characteristics	and triangles	bottom to the top	full, empty or half full	bigger shapes	*Can identify odd and
		*Knows that objects	*Can build with the	*Knows that length is a	*Can show full, empty	*Knows that shapes can	even numbers to 10.
F2		can be grouped by	circles and triangles	measurement from end	and half full in a variety	be put together to make	
ш	rica	colour, size, feature or		to end	of containers	different shapes	-Explore and represent
	me	orientation	-Talk about and explore	*Can identify short and			patterns in numbers
	Nu		shapes with 4 sides	tall objects	-Create repeating	-Explore and represent	(doubles recap)
		Compare size	Vocabulary:	*Can identify short and	patterns	patterns in numbers	Vocabulary:
		Vocabulary:	2-d shapes, rectangle	long objects	Vocabulary:	(doubles)	Double, twice as many
		Compare, size, order	Square, characteristics,	*Can order 3 objects	Order, repeat, patterns,	Vocabulary:	equal, unequal, group
		big/bigger/biggest	sides, corners, straight	based on their length or	AB pattern, ABC patterns	Double, twice as many	Key Knowledge:
		small/smaller/smalles	flat	height	Key Knowledge:	equal, unequal, group	*Knows that double
		t, wide(er), narrow(er)	Key Knowledge:		*Can name the AB	Key Knowledge:	means the same amount
		Key Knowledge:	*Knows that a 2D shape		pattern	*Knows that double	again or twice as many
		*Knows that	is a flat shape		*Can complete an AB	means the same amount	*Knows that the
		comparing is	*Can identify a variety of		pattern	again or twice as many	amounts should be equal
		measuring similarities	sized squares and		*Can create own AB/ABC	*Knows that the	*Can double an amount
		or differences	rectangles		pattern	amounts should be equal	equally
		*Can identify big and	*Knows that squares and			*Can double an amount	
		small objects	rectangles have 4 sides		-3D shapes	equally	-Time (measuring periods
			and 4 corners		Vocabulary:		of time)

*Can order 3 objects	*Can build with the	3-0	d shapes,	-Explore Sharing	Vocabulary:
based on their size	squares and rectangles	cha	naracteristics, cuboids,	Vocabulary:	Time, day, week, hour,
		cul	ibes, cone, spheres	Half, halve, halving	minutes, quicker, slower
-Compare weight	-Copy and continue	FA	ACE??, rectangle,	equal, unequal, share	Key Knowledge:
Vocabulary:	repeating patterns	sq	uare, circle, curved,	Key Knowledge:	*Knows that time can be
Compare, weight,	Vocabulary:	str	raight, flat	*Knows that sharing is	measured
heavy/light, heavier	Order, repeat, patterns,	Ке	ey Knowledge:	letting someone else	*Knows that a week has
than, lighter than,	AB pattern	*К	Knows that a 3D shape	have a part of something	7 days
balance, scales	Key Knowledge:	is a	a solid shape	that belongs to you	*Knows that days have
Key Knowledge:	*Can name the AB	*C	Can identify a cube,	*Knows that sharing	hours and minutes
*Knows that	pattern	cul	uboid, sphere and cone	equally means both	*Knows that actions can
comparing is	*Can complete an AB	*C	Can talk about the	people have the same	be quicker or slower
measuring similarities	pattern	cha	naracteristics of a cube,	amount	
or differences	*Can create own AB	cul	uboid, cone and sphere	*Can share an amount	
*Knows how to use a	pattern			equally	
set of balance scales		-Ti	ime (sequencing	Can say when an amount	
correctly	-Use positional language	ev	vents)	is unequal	
*Can identify heavy	Vocabulary:		ocabulary:		
and light objects	Over, under, between,		me, earlier, later,	-Compose and	
	around, through, on, into		efore, after, first, next	decompose shapes	
	next to, behind, beneath		oday, yesterday,	Vocabulary:	
	on top of		morrow, morning	2d shapes, smaller,	
	Key Knowledge:		ternoon, evening/night	bigger, square, circle,	
	*Can place an object in	da		rectangle, triangle,	
	the correct position		ey Knowledge:	rotate, turn, compose	
	*Can say where the		Knows that there is a	(joined), decompose	
	object has been		ay and night	(broken apart)	
	positioned		Knows that a day is	Key Knowledge:	
			rdered into morning,	*Can select a square,	
			ternoon, evening and	rectangle, circle or	
			ght	triangle when asked	
			Knows the sequence of	*Knows that composing	
		ye	esterday, today and	shapes means putting	
		toi	morrow	them together and	

		before, first, next, after in order	decomposing means taking them apart *Knows that shapes can be put together to make bigger shapes *Knows that shapes can	
			*Knows that shapes can be put together to make different shapes	

	-Compare amounts	-Representing numbers	-Representing numbers	-Subtraction	-Add by counting on	-Recall number bonds 0-
	(more/fewer)	1-5	to 10	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	10
	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	take away /minus, left	Add, plus, altogether,	Vocabulary:
	Count, compare, equal	Numerals, digit, Count,	Numerals, digit, count,	Key Knowledge:	total	Number bonds, add, plus
	to, more than	subitise, order, ordinal	subitise, order, ordinal	*To understand that	Key Knowledge:	together, total
	less than (fewer)	Key Knowledge:	Key Knowledge:	taking an amount away	*To count forwards	Key Knowledge:
	Key Knowledge:	*To count in sequence	*To count in sequence	will create a smaller	*To count on in sequence	*Knows a number bond
	*To count out the	from 1-5	from 1-10	amount	from numbers other than	is 2 numbers that are
	correct number of	*To understand the	*To understand the	*To count backwards	1	added together to make
	objects	cardinal principle	cardinal principle	*To count the new		10.
	*To identify the group	*To count out a specific	*To count out a specific	amount once an amount	-Subtraction	*Knows which 2 Numicon
	which has	amount from a larger	amount from a larger	has been subtracted	Vocabulary:	number make 10
	more/fewer/equal	group	group		take away /minus, left	
		*To identify a numeral	*To identify a numeral	-Representing numbers	Key Knowledge:	
		*To match numerals to	*To match numerals to	beyond 10	*To understand that	
<b>L</b> i		amounts	amounts	Vocabulary:	taking an amount away	
nbe		*To represent a number	*To represent a number	Numerals, digit, count,	will create a smaller	
Number		through mark making	through mark making	subitise, order, ordinal	amount	
—				Key Knowledge:	*To count backwards	
		-Comparing numbers to 5	-Compare numbers to 10	*To count in sequence	*To count the new	
		(more/less)	(more/less)	beyond 10	amount once an amount	
		Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	*To understand the	has been subtracted	
		Compare, one more	Forwards, Backwards,	cardinal principle		
		one less, equal to	compare, one more, one	*To identify a numeral		
		more than, less than	less, equal to, more than	*To match numerals to		
		(fewer), Forwards,	less than (fewer)	amounts		
		Backwards	Key Knowledge:	*To represent a number		
		Key Knowledge:	*To count out a correct	through mark making		
		*To count out a correct	amount of objects			
		amount of objects	*To find one more/less			
		*To find one more/less	*To identify and compare			
		*To identify and compare	amounts			
		amounts	*To identify and compare			
			numbers			

*To identify and compare			
numbers	-Explore the composition		
	of numbers to 10		
-Explore the composition	Vocabulary:		
of numbers to 5	Part, whole		
Vocabulary:	Key Knowledge:		
Part, whole, Altogether,			
Bigger, Smaller	-Combine 2 groups to		
Key Knowledge:	add		
*To understand that a	Vocabulary:		
whole number can be	Add, plus, altogether,		
made in different ways	total		
*To understand that	Key Knowledge:		
smaller numbers can	*To understand that two		
combine to create larger	groups combine to create		
numbers	a larger amount		
	*To count forwards		
-Understand 1 more than	*To count the new		
and 1 less than	amount once two		
Vocabulary:	amounts are combined		
Key Knowledge:			

	Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5			Week 6	Week 6 Week 7 Week 8 Week 9 Week 10				Week 12
_	Place value (within 10)				<sub>Number</sub> Addition and subtraction (within 10)				Consolidation
	Spring	Number Place value (within 20) Number Addition and subtraction (within 20)			<sub>Number</sub> Place value (within 50)	Measurer Lengt and heigh	h	Measure Weigl and volun	ht
	Summer	Number Multiplication and division	Number Fractions	Germany Position and direction	<sup>Number</sup> Place value (within 100)	Money	Measure Time	ment	Consolidation

Year 1

		Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	
8	Autumn	Numbi Plac	<sup>er</sup> e value			Number Addition and subtraction					Geometry Shape			
Year :	Spring	Measu Mon	rement ICY	Numbe Mult		tion and division and heig				capacity			and	
	Summer	Number Measu Fractions Time			rement Statistics			Posi and	cometry osition nd irection					

M	Autumn	Week 1 Week 2 Number Place value		Week 4 Week 5 Week 6 Week 7 Week 8 Number Addition and subtraction					Week 9 Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Number Multiplication and division			
Year	Number 문 Multiplication						Number Fractions			Measurement Mass, capacity and temperature		
	Number Measu Fractions Mon		rement Measurement ey Time				Geome Shap		Stat	istics	Consolidation	

4	Autumn	Week 1 Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5 Week 6 Week 7 Number Addition and subtraction			Week 8		Week 10 iplication		Week 12 Consolidation
Year	Spring	Number Multiplicati and divisior	Measure Leng and perin		Number Fract		Number Decimals					
	Summer	Number Decimais	Measure		Measure Time		Consolidation	Geomet Shap	-	Statistics	Geomet Posit and direc	ion

		Week 1 Week 2 Week 3	Week 4 Week 5	Week 6 Week 7 Week 8	Week 9 Week 10	Week 11 Week 12		
5	Autumn	Number Place value	<sup>Number</sup> Addition and subtraction	<sub>Number</sub> Multiplication and division	Number Fractions A			
Year	Spring	<sup>Number</sup> Multiplication and division	Number Fractions B	Number Decimals and percentages	Measurement Perimeter and area	Statistics		
	Summer	Geometry Shape	Geometry Position and direction	Number Decimals	Summe Neasure Conve units	and a second		

		Week 1 Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
	Autumn	Number Place value		Number Four operations					Number Fractions A Fract			Converting units
1	Spring	Number Ratio	Number Decin		Fracti decim and	Number Fractions, decimals and percentages		Measurement Area, perimeter and volume		Statistics		
	Summer	Geometry Shape		comeru Position and direction	Them	ed proj	ects, co	onsolid	ation a	nd prot	olem so	lving

Year 6