

Abbey Mead Primary Academy Year 3 Book Led Curriculum 2023-24

Торіс	Main Book	Writing outcomes	Grammar Focus
Stone Age	The first	Shorter writing outcome:	
	drawing by	Reflection- writing in role as character on	 To use descriptive language
	Mordicai	his imagination of the animal. Make it less	- To use expanded noun phrases in our writing
	Gerstein	first person, although this can be included.	- To use apostrophes – its/it's
	(Autumn)	(check war horse reflection y6 for	- To use plurals
		inspiration)	
		Main writing outcome:	- To use paragraphs
		Informal letter from a character in the	-To use who and that appropriately.
		story about the boys drawings	- To use informal language 't'was' 'awsome' 'cool'
		Oracy Focus: Role play – retell story;	 To use pictures/diagrams in our writing. Present perfect
		express characters' thoughts/feelings	- Fronted adverbials
	'Forgotten	Main writing outcome:	
	Beasts:	Information text	- To use verbs in our writing
	Amazing		- To use the past tense in our writing
	Creatures	Oracy Focus: exploratory talk on use of	- To use the irregular past tense
	that Once	suffices when changing to past tense.	- To use interesting vocabulary
	Roamed The	sumees when enanging to past tense.	-To use organisational devices (headings, subheadings)
	Earth' by		 To use determiners correctly To use apostrophes for possession
	Matt Sewell		
	(Autumn)		
	Stone Age	Shorter writing outcome:	
	Воу	Spur of the moment narrative with speech	-To use speech marks
	,	focus, children continue from page 8.	-To use Fronted adverbials
	(Autumn)	,	-To write in the correct person throughout.
	(********	Main writing outcome:	
		Non chronological report- stone age	To use present perfect and past progressive tense
		people/life	-To find and use alternative verbs (Thesaurus)
		GD- stone age drawings	-To use headings and subheadings appropriately
		EXS- stone age life	-To use some formal words
			-To use subject specific vocabulary
		Oracy focus – conversation – turn taking;	- To use commas in a list
		where do speech marks go?	
PHSE –	100 People	Main writing outcome:	- To use the correct pronoun in my work
belonging	Who Made	Biography on MS, MG, NM	- To use a/an correctly
	History: Meet		- To use past tense correctly.
DIVERSE	the People	Oracy focus – Exploratory talk using	- Writing is clearly organised into paragraphs
TEXT	Who Shaped	inference skills to infer achievements of	-To understand and use subordinate clauses
	the Mode	historical figures.	- Adverbials of time and place used appropriately.

	(Autumn)		
	The Witches	Shorter writing outcome:	 To use descriptive language
	by Roald Dahl	Character description- Advert	 To use expanded noun phrases
		Poetry	 To use verbs appropriately when describing
	(Spring 1 and	Main writing outcomes:	- To use alliteration, rhythm and rhyme, and
	2)	Newspaper report- missing boy	similes
			- To express a viewpoint
		Oracy focus: Exploratory talk – types of	- To write a free verse poem
		poems; facts or opinions	
		Performative talk – performing The	 To punctuation direct speech using inverted
		Witches poem in groups.	commas
			To use simple past, past perfect and future
			tense appropriately.
Volcanoes	Escape from		- To use subordinating conjunctions
and	Pompeii by	Short writing Outcome:	- To use different sentences in our writing
Earthquakes	Christina Balit	Spur of the moment Narrative describing	- To use adverbs in our writing
Larenquares		the volcano eruption (retelling the	- To use expanded noun phrases
	(Summer 1)	eruption)	- To use adverbs of time
	(64111161 1)	Main writing outcome:	- To use paragraphs
		Information text leaflet- Pompeii	- To use organisational devices (headings,
		information text leaner i ompen	subheadings)
		Oracy focus – exploratory talk about	- To write in the correct person throughout.
		features of volcanoes and subheadings	- To use pronouns to avoid repetition.
		reatures of volcanoes and subheadings	
Mayans	The Great	Shorter writing outcome:	- To use expanded noun phrases
	Kapok tree by	Setting description	- To consolidate use of a variety of sentences:
	Lynne Cherry.		subordinate, fronted adverbials, multi-clause
		Main writing outcome:	- To use conjunctions correctly
	(Summer 2)	Formal letter to save the rainforest- must include persuasive elements.	- To use the first, second and third person
		include persuasive elements.	- To use emotive language
		Oracy focus – exploratory talk on	- To know the difference between opinion and fact
		persuasive strategies	- To express a viewpoint
		Personal of a celles	

	National Curriculum Statutory Requirements
	YEAR 3/4
	Word Reading
RW1	apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English
	Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet
RW2	read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in
	the word.

	National Curriculum Statutory Requirements
	YEAR 3/4
	Reading Comprehension
	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by
RC1	Listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, play, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks
RC2	Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purpose
RC3	Using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read
RC4	Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends and retelling some of these orally
RC5	Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books
RC6	Preparing poems to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action
RC7	Discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination
RC8	Recognising some different forms of poetry
	Understand what they read, in books they can read independently by:
RC9	Checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explain the meaning of words in context
RC10	Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text
RC11	Drawing inference such has inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions and justifying inferences with evidence
RC12	Predicting what migh happened from details stated and implied
RC13	Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these
RC14	Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
RC15	Retrieve and record information from non-fiction
RC16	Participate in discussions about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, takin turns and
	listening to what others say

	National Curriculum Statutory Requirements
	YEAR 3/4
	Writing Composition
	Pupils should be taught to plan their writing by:
WC1	Discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure,
	vocabulary and grammar
WC2	Discussing and recording ideas
	Draft and write by:
WC3	Composing and rehearsing sentences orally, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of
	sentence structures
WC4	Organising paragraphs around a theme
WC5	In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot
WC6	In non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices (e.g. headings and sub-headings)
	Evaluate and edit by:
WC7	Assessing the effectiveness of their own and other's writing and suggesting improvements
WC8	Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency including the accurate use of pronouns in sentence
WC9	Proof-reading to check for spelling and punctuation errors

WC10	Read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and
	volume so that the meaning is clear
	National Curriculum Statutory Requirements
	YEAR 3/4
	Speaking and listening
SL1	Listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
SL2	Ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge
SL3	Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
SL4	Articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
SL5	Give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings
SL6	Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic an initiating and responding to
	comments
SL7	Use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
SL8	Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of standard English
SL9	Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
SL10	Gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener
SL11	Consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
SL12	Select and use appropriate registers for effective communication

	YEAR 3/4
	Grammar, Vocabulary and Punctuation
Word	 Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes (e.g. super-, anti-, auto-) Use the forms a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words, showing how words are relating in form and meaning (e.g. solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble)
Sentence	• Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions (e.g. when, before, after, while, so because) adverbs (e.g. then, next, soon, therefore) or prepositions (e.g. before, after, during, in, because of)
Text	 Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past (e.g. he has gone out to play contrasted with he went out to play)
Punctuation	Introduction to inverted commas to punctuate speech
Terminology for pupils	Adverb, preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter, vowel, vowel letter, inverted comma (or speech marks)

Year 3 Spellings

<u>Autumn 1</u>

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Words with the long /eɪ/ sound spelt with ei	Words with the long /eɪ/ sound spelt with ey	Words with the long /eɪ/ sound spelt with ai	Words with /ə:/ sound spelt with ear	Homophones & near homophones	Homophones & near homophones
eight	hey	straight	earth	here	berry
eighth	they	campaign	early	hear	bury
eighty	obey	contain	learn	heel	brake
weight	grey	brain	heard	heal	break
neighbour	prey	faint	earn	main	meet
vein	whey	waist	pearl	mane	meat
veil	survey	claim	search	mail	ball
beige	convey	praise	unearth	male	bawl
sleigh	disobey	complaint	earl	knot	fair
freight	purvey	afraid	rehearse	not	fare

<u>Autumn 2</u>

Week 1 Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (no change to root word)	Week 2 Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (root word ends in 'y' with more than one syllable)	Week 3 Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (root word ends in 'le')	Week 4 Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (root word ends in 'ic' or 'al')	Week 5 Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (exceptions to the rules)	Week 6 Statutory Spelling Challenge Words
kindly	happily	gently	basically	truly	believe
quickly	angrily	simply	frantically	duly	appear
safely	lazily	humbly	dramatically	wholly	often
rudely	easily	nobly	magically	fully	group
sweetly	busily	horribly	tragically	daily	breath
strongly	greedily	terribly	comically	publicly	continue
bravely	messily	possibly	actually	dryly	arrive
secretly	wearily	incredibly	accidentally	slyly	women
finally	cheekily	comfortably	occasionally	shyly	describe
usually	clumsily	probably	eventually	coyly	height

S	pri	ing	1

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Words with short /i/ sound	Adding suffixes beginning with a vowel	Adding suffixes beginning with a vowel	Creating negative meanings using	Creating negative meanings	Words with a /k/ sound spelt with
spelt with 'y'	(er/ed/ing) to words with more than one sullable (unstressed	(er/ed/en/ing) to words with more than one sullable (stressed last	prefix mis-	using prefix dis-	'ch'
	last syllable - DO NOT double the	syllable - double the final consonant)			
	final consonant)	inter consonant,			
myth	gardener	forgetting	misspell	dislike	scheme
gym	gardening	forgotten	mislead	disobey	chorus
Egypt	limited	beginning	mistreat	discolour	echo
pyramid	limiting	beginner	misbehave	discover	character
mystery	offering	preferred	mistrust	disappear	ache
hymn	offered	preferring	misprint	dishonest	chaos
system	benefited	occurred	misuse	disallow	stomach
symbol	benefiting	occurring	misplace	disbelieve	chemistry
lyric	focused	forbidden	misheard	disapprove	orchestra
typical	focusing	committed	misread	discontinue	technology

<u>Spring 2</u>

Week 1 Homophones & Near Homophones	Week 2 Homophones & Near Homophones	Week 3 Adding the prefix bi- (meaning 'two' or 'twice') and Adding the prefix re- (meaning 'again' or back')	Week 4 Words ending in the /g/ sound spelt 'gue' and the /k/ sound spelt 'que'	Week 5 Words with a /sh/ sound spelt with 'ch'	Week 6 Statutory Spellings Challenge Words
grate	scent	bicycle	league	chef	address
great	sent	biplane	plague	chalet	busy
grown	vain	bisect	rogue	machine	business
groan	vein	bilingual	vague	brochure	heart
plain	rode	biannual	fatigue	crochet	fruit
plane	road	reappear	unique	ricochet	breathe
peace	steel	redecorate	antique	parachute	strange
piece	steal	reapply	mosque	moustache	complete
rain	waist	repay	cheque	champagne	extreme
reign	waste	rebuild	technique	chute	forwards

<u>Summer 1</u>

Week 1 Words ending in -ary	Week 2 Words with a short /u/ sound spelt with 'o'	Week 3 Words with a short /u/ sound spelt with 'ou'	Week 4 Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning.	Week 5 Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning	Week 6 Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning
library	woman	enough	instruct	scope	press
February	wonder	young	structure	telescope	suppress
dictionary	month	touch	construction	microscope	express
boundary	govern	double	instruction	horoscope	compress
salary	brother	trouble	instructor	periscope	impress
summary	another	country	unit	inspect	prevent
primary	shovel	courage	union	spectator	invent
secondary	above	rough	united	respect	venture
ordinary	Monday	tough	universe	perspective	adventure
necessary	discover	cousin	university	spectacles	eventful

Summer 2

Week 1 Words ending in the suffix -al	Week 2 Words ending with an /zher/ sound spelt with 'sure'	Week 3 Words ending with a /cher/ sound spelt with 'ture'	Week 4 Words ending with a /cher/ sound spelt as 'ture'	Week 5 Silent Letters Revision	Week 6 Silent Letters Revision
natural	treasure	creature	lecture	island	build
occasional	measure	picture	literature	answer	guide
actual	pleasure	nature	mature	write	guard
accidental	enclosure	furniture	miniature	wrapper	wheat
medical	closure	capture	mixture	knife	whale
national	leisure	culture	moisture	knock	honest
capital	exposure	moisture	sculpture	thumb	whirl
vocal	pressure	future	signature	doubt	gnome
sensational	composure	gesture	temperature	half	gnaw
personal	fissure	structure	texture	calm	surprise